

## Autopistas del Sol, S.A. Unaudited Condensed Interim Statements As of June 30, 2020 In US\$

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### UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes _	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	4,231,641	8,617,134
Restricted cash	3	7,686,112	9,357,963
Accounts receivable	4	1,595,304	1,732,984
Accounts receivable from related parties	13	5,033	5,033
Inventory		69,981	138,286
Income tax credit		18,224	-
Prepaid disbursements	5	495,797	699,727
Current portion of financial assets – concession agreement	8	81,881,191	80,275,678
Total current assets		95,983,283	100,826,805
Loans receivable from related parties	13	92,513,117	98,690,586
Vehicles, furniture, and equipment – Net	6	1,054,388	1,194,307
Assets from right of use	7	185,927	223,431
Financial assets – Concession Agreement	8	305,854,785	301,599,633
Other assets – Net	_	150,260	173,645
Total non-current assets		399,758,477	401,881,602
TOTAL	-	495,741,760	502,708,407

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Current portion of long-term debt	17	17,693,575	15,124,676
Current portion of obligations under financial lease		105,795	105,795
Accounts payable	9	2,402,177	2,608,988
Accounts payable to related parties	13	3,187,961	2,351,205
Accumulated expenses	10	1,888,498	1,647,978
Income tax payable	11	4,656,668	7,464,298
Total current liabilities		29,934,674	29,302,940
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:			
Long-term debt	17	289,527,249	298,922,107
Obligations under financial		, ,	
lease		92,283	124,534
Deferred income tax	11	63,957,305	60,394,167
Total non-current liabilities	-	353,576,837	359,440,808
Total liabilities		383,511,511	388,743,748
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Capital stock	15	2,500,000	2,500,000
Additional capital contributions	15	58,000,000	58,000,000
Legal reserve	15	500,000	500,000
Retained earnings	-	51,230,249	52,964,659
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Total stockholders' equity		112,230,249	113,964,659
TOTAL	=	495,741,760	502,708,407

#### UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Construction income Financial income – Concession agreement Operating and maintenance income	8	521,539 30,676,944 8,702,786	1,898,858 30,166,730 9,423,503
Total operating income		39,901,269	41,489,091
Construction costs Operating expenses	12 _	(521,539) (8,199,914)	(1,898,858) (8,807,496)
OPERATING PROFIT	-	31,179,816	30,782,737
Fees and interest expenses Impairments and results – financial instruments Financial income Other income – net Exchange rate difference -Net	8 14	(14,163,072) (4,627,002) 1,966,788 405,180 (604,811)	(14,676,341) 1,949,208 2,174,821 119,700 14,246
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		14,156,899	20,364,371
Income tax	11	(4,391,309)	(10,673,624)
NET PROFIT AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF THE PERIOD	_	9,765,590	9,690,747

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes	Capital Stock	Additional Capital Contribution	Legal Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders´ Equity
BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018		2,500,000	58,000,000	500,000	54,565,906	115,565,906
Declared and paid dividends	15	-	-	-	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	9,690,748	9,690,748
BALANCES AS OF JUNE 30, 2019		2,500,000	58,000,000	500,000	59,256,654	120,256,654

	Notes	Capital Stock	Additional Capital Contribution	Legal Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders´ Equity
BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019		2,500,000	58,000,000	500,000	52,964,659	113,964,659
IFRS 9 initial adoption	15	-	-	-	(11,500,000)	(11,500,000)
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	9,765,590	9,765,590
BALANCES AS OF JUNE 30, 2020		2,500,000	58,000,000	500,000	51,230,249	112,230,249

#### UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net profit		9,765,590	9,690,748
Adjustments to reconcile net profit with net cash provided by the operating activities:			
Income tax expense		1,222,394	7,498,739
Depreciation	6	197,828	203,552
Amortization		42,954	29,564
Fair value variation in financial instruments		4,627,002	(1,898,486)
Deferred income tax	12	3,563,138	3,157,078
Financial income		(1,822,531)	(1,961,919)
Financial expense from bonds		14,163,072	14,676,341
Movements in working capital:			
Accounts and notes receivable		137,680	(221,222)
Inventory		68,305	3,621
Prepaid disbursements and other advances		203,930	330,626
Accounts payable		(2,021,582)	(3,119,110)
Accounts payable to related parties		836,756	(128,582)
Accumulated expenses		240,520	967,717
Financial asset – concession agreement		(10,487,667)	(3,054,535)
Cash provided by the operating activities		20,737,389	26,174,132
Income tax paid		(4,048,248)	(659,489)
Interest paid		(11,768,126)	(12,229,897)
Net cash provided by the operating activities		4,921,016	13,284,746
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Restricted cash		1,671,850	6,237,278
Other fixe assets		(7,893)	-
Acquisition of fixed assets and other assets	6	(32,081)	(103,079)
Net cash provided by the investment activities		1,631,877	6,134,199
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Amortization of obligations under financial lease		(9,536)	-
Declared and paid dividends	16	(3,500,000)	(5,000,000)
Amortization of international bond		(7,428,850)	(6,387,000)
Net cash used in the financing activities		(10,938,386)	(11,387,000)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4,385,494)	8,031,945
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		8,617,134	10,299,292
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		4,231,641	18,331,237

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS, BASIS OF PRESENTATION, AND MAIN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

*Nature of Business* - Autopistas del Sol, S.A. ("the Company") is a company organized according to the commercial laws of Costa Rica, specifically under the provisions of Article No.31 of the General Concession Law for Concession agreement (Law No.7762).

As of December 31, 2019, PI Promotora de Infraestructuras, S.A. directly owned 100% of the shares after the merger on December 4, 2019 between SyV Concesiones, S.A., Infraestructura SDC Costa Rica, S.A. and M&S DI-M&S Desarrollos Internacionales, S.A., which previously held 35%, 17% and 13% respectively of the Company's equity.

The ultimate stockholder of the Company are the pension funds of USS, OPTrust and PGGM. Its objective is to execute and develop the Concession Agreement of the "San José - Caldera" route, awarded to a third party by the Government of Costa Rica, through public bid No.01-98, promoted by the National Concessions Board of the Ministry of Public Works and Transportation (MOPT). Under the authorization of the Government of Costa Rica, on March 9, 2006, the former awardee assigned the contract mentioned above to the business consortium formed by the previously mentioned companies ("Autopistas del Sol Consortium"). The Company is domiciled in Escazú, adjacent to Autopista Próspero Fernández toll.

On March 9, 2006, the Government of Costa Rica, acting through the National Concession Board (CNC) ("the Granting Authority") signed Addendum No.3 to the Public Service Concession Agreement for the San José - Caldera Highway Project, through which the concession agreement was modified to leave proof of the new concessionaire: Autopistas del Sol Consortium ("the Awardee"), which consists of the following companies: Promotora de Infraestructuras, S.A., SYV CR Valle del Sol, S.A., Infraestructuras SDC Costa Rica, S.A., and M&S DI-M&S Desarrollos Internacionales, S.A. For that purpose, the awardee consortium created the corporation designated as Autopistas del Sol, S.A. ("the Concessionaire") in order to carry out the project which is the objective of this agreement.

On January 8, 2008, the Company received the contract initiation order by the National Concessions Board, and the construction stage of the San José - Caldera highway started. The construction stage was completed on January 27, 2010, and at this moment, the exploitation stage (toll collection) for all the highway sections started.

**Basis of Presentation** – The condensed interim financial statements corresponding to the nine month period ended June 30, 2020 have been prepared according to IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting," and they should be read along with the annual report for the year ended December 31, 2019, prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

*Significant Accounting Policies* – Except for the following, the accounting policies that have been applied are consistent with those applied in the annual report of 2019.

Taxes earned on results of the interim periods are calculated in function of the tax rate applicable to the foreseen annual income.

#### Application of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards are consistent with those applied in the annual report for the year 2019.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, cash and cash equivalents were broken down as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash on hands and due from banks Cash equivalents	4,205,415 26,226	8,590,908 26,226
Total	4,231,641	8,617,134

As of June 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019 the amount of cash and due from banks includes an impairment amount of US\$56,020 and US\$48,595 due to the application of IFRS 9.

#### 3. RESTRICTED CASH

The restricted cash for the months ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Allowance for long-term debt	1,017,165	1,018,316
Allowance for maintenance	6,668,947	8,339,646
Total	7,686,112	9,357,963

The account denominated "Allowance for short-term debt" is related to the "*Fideicomiso Irrevocable de Guarantee y Administración de Cuentas del Proyecto de Concesión San José - Caldera*" (Irrevocable Account Management and Guarantee Trust Agreement of the San José-Caldera Concession Project Accounts). The objective of this is to reserve the amounts to be paid on the following contractual maturity date, including principal and interest, in order to comply with the Loan Agreement (Note 18). Such reserve is subdivided into:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Debt Service Reserve Account US Bonds*	732,837	731,101
Debt Service Reserve Account CR Bonds	284,328	287,215
Total	1,017,165	1,018,316

\*Moreover, As of June 30, 2020, guarantees for US\$18,200,000 (US\$18,200,000 as of December 31, 2019), were included and endorsed by Globalvia Inversiones, S.A. in accordance with the trust agreement.

The cash to cover the maintenance reserve will be used exclusively to fund the Operation and Maintenance Account in Dollars and the Operation and Maintenance Account in Colones, in case of possible situations of insufficiency in these accounts.

#### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable mainly include accrued and uncollected interest on cash held in the Company's bank accounts, besides exemptions from fuels and asphalts and sales taxes to be recovered and balances receivable from the National Concession Board. These accounts do not have a history of credit losses and therefore do not include impairment items.

#### 5. PREPAID EXPENSES

The detail of the prepaid expenses is the following:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Construction companies for repairs	191,053	171,797
Insurance	52,784	364,678
Others	251,960	163,252
Total	495,797	699,727

### 6. VEHICLES, FURNITURE, AND EQUIPMENT - NET

The detail As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 of vehicles, furniture, and equipment is the following:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cost:		
Vehicles	1,446,040	1,420,620
Office furniture and equipment	1,116,728	1,089,560
Computer equipment	1,101,009	1,095,497
Sub-total	3,663,777	3,605,677
Depreciation:		
Vehicle depreciation	(1,173,861)	(1,112,565)
Depreciation of office furniture and equipment	(663,376)	(619,540)
Depreciation of computer equipment	(772,152)	(679,265)
Sub-total	(2,609,389)	(2,411,370)
Net	1,054,388	1,194,307

The movement of the vehicles, furniture, and equipment account during the period between January 1<sup>st</sup> and June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Initial balance	1,194,307	1,281,135
Additions	57,909	103,079
Disposals – cost		
Disposal – accumulated depreciation		
Depreciation expense	(197,828)	(203,552)
Final balance	1,054,388	1,180,662

#### 7. ASSETS FROM RIGHT OF USE

The assets from right of use are detailed as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cost	223,431	154,906
Additions	21,516	158,542
Sub Total	244,947	313,448
Derecognition	(59,020)	(90,017)
Balance	185,927	223,431

The Company leases vehicles only, the right-of-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, which is 3 years for 2020 and 2019. The Company's obligations are secured by the lessor's title to the assets leased under such leases.

Amounts recognized in the income statement	Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Expense from the depreciation of the assets from the right of use		59,020	47,344
Financial expense caused by the obligations under a financial lease	_	9,532	8,006
Expenses from short-term leases and small amounts	_	64,529	94,638

#### 8. FINANCIAL ASSET - CONCESSION AGREEMENT

The detail of the financial asset account balance is the following:

-	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Initial balance	381,875,311	375,044,516
Increases resulting from construction and operation of the highway	9,224,325	11,322,361
Increase from financial income Charges through toll collection and	30,676,944	30,166,730
Complementary Agreement 1	(29,421,027)	(37,701,704)
Impairment adjustment - IFRS 9	(4,619,576)	1,898,486
Total	387,735,976	380,730,389
Less: Current portion of financial asset	(81,881,192)	(80,275,677)
Total _	305,854,785	300,454,712

**Impairment Adjustment (IFRS 9) -** The Company in order to evaluate the impairment, takes into account, the Financial Assets - Concession Contract and the accounts of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash. For the purposes of the impairment assessment of these financial assets, the

expected loss is measured by an amount equal to ECL to 12 months.

In determining the expected credit losses for these assets is being consider the historical experience of default, the financial position of counterparties, as well as the future prospects of the industries in which bond issuers, exchange notes and obligations obtained from economic reports, financial analyst reports and considering various external sources of real and forecasted economic information, as appropriate, by estimating the probability of non-compliance of each of these financial assets within their respective time horizon of loss assessment as well as loss in case of non-compliance in each case.

There has been no change in estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period when assessing the expected loss for these financial assets.

#### 9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable for 2020 and 2019, include construction suppliers, service suppliers (security and toll agents) and others.

In addition, as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there is a balance of US\$1,782,520 and US\$1,812,155, related to the withholding tax on remittances abroad according to Law No.7092 for December due to the payment of interest of the international bonds. This withholding tax has been paid on July and January 2020.

#### 10. ACCUMULATED EXPENSES

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the accumulated expenses are detailed as follows:

	Note	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Interest payable Employees' legal benefits Provision for vacations		- 361,688 75,312	- 404,331 45,325
Provision for duty payable to National Concession Board	16h	597,247	775,467
Provisions for suppliers (not billed)		764,148	409,675
Others	_	90,103	13,180
Total	-	1,888,498	1,647,978

#### 11. INCOME TAX

**Review by Tax Authorities** - Income tax returns for the last three fiscal years are open for review by the tax authorities. Consequently, discrepancies may arise from the application of concepts by the tax authorities that differ from those applied by the Company. The Company's management considers that is has properly applied and interpreted the tax regulations. The tax rate in Costa Rica corresponds to 30% in 2020 and 2019.

*Income Tax Calculation* - For the periods 2020 and 2019, income tax was calculated on the accounting profit using the current tax rate, deducting non-taxable income, and adding the non-deductible expenses:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Profit before income tax Difference between IFRIC result and tax result Adjustments to the tax basis	14,156,899 (11,877,134) 480,798	20,364,372 (10,412,403) 15,214,373
Profit before tax, adjusted Tax rate	2,760,563 30%	25,166,342 30%
Current income tax	2,522,990	1,952,835
Current income tax Deferred income tax	828,169 3,563,140	7,549,903 (3,123,721)
Income tax	4,391,309	10,673,624
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Current income tax	828,169	11,661,444
Tax and interest Inspection 2017	-	1,407,463
Tax provision of provious years	3 828 499	-

 Tax provision of previous years
 3,828,499

 Tax prepayment
 (5,604,609)

 Income tax to be paid
 <u>4,656,668</u>
 <u>7,464,298</u>

The provision is the treatment to the expense (income) of the unrealized exchange rate differential.

**Deferred Income Tax** - Deferred income tax liability originates from the financial asset related to the public works concession agreement. The deferred income tax asset arises from the effect of the adjustment for expected losses (application of IFRS 9) and financial leases (application of IFRS 16).

	June 30, 2020		
	2019	Movement Effect in Results	2020
Effect of application IFRIC 12 Effect of application IFRS 9 – Asset	(60,525,134)	(5,693,125)	(66,218,259)
impairment Effect of application IFRS 16 – financial leases	128,897 2,072	2,129,988 (3)	2,258,884 2,069
Total	(60,394,165)	(3,563,140)	(63,957,305)
		June 30, 2019	
	2018	Movement Effect in Results	2019
Effect of application IFRIC 12 Effect of application IFRS 9	(55,162,019) -	(3,123,721) -	(58,285,739)
Total	(55,162,019)	(3,123,721)	(58,285,739)

#### 12. OPERATING EXPENSES

The detail of operating expenses is the following:

	Notes	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Salaries		1,081,808	1,275,746
Social contributions		261,515	275,387
General office expense		493,598	452,644
Rentals		64,529	94,638
Depreciation		257,011	203,552
Amortization		31,278	29,564
Professional fees		3,023,158	2,325,020
All-risk insurance		763,738	750,649
Operation and maintenance		1,046,635	2,207,433
% duty and other fees		635,158	611,391
Bank fees		243,958	248,666
Other taxes		152,007	217,259
Other operating expenses		145,521	115,548
Total		8,199,914	8,807,497

Duties (fees) also include 1% of the toll income of the period corresponding to the amount earned for adopting the Guaranteed Minimum Income plan with the National Concession Board, according to the Concession Agreement.

#### 13. BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Balances with related parties are detailed as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Short-term accounts receivable:		
Promotora de Infraestructura, S.A.	5,033	5,033
Total	5,033	5,033
Long-term loans receivable:		
Promotora de Infraestructura, S.A.	92,513,117	97,030,291
Total	92,513,117	97,030,291
Interest Receivable:		
Promotora de Infraestructura, S.A.	-	1,660,295
Total	-	1,660,295
Total long-term loans and interest receivable	92,513,117	98,690,586
Accounts payable:		
Globalvía Inversiones, S.A.	3,017,645	2,229,276
Global Vía Chile	144,944	121,929
Promotora de Infraestructuras	25,373	-
Total	3,187,961	2,351,205

Accounts receivable and payable in the short-term do not have guarantees, do not earn interest, and do not have a previously-agreed maturity date. These originate from business transactions as well as

from intercompany loans.

Long-term accounts receivable corresponds to a loan granted to stockholders with fixed interest rate of 4% per annum. The maximum maturity is the date of the end of the concession. On December 4, 2019, as a result of the merger of the stockholding companies into a single company (see note 1), the loans were merged into a single loan with the same conditions.

Transactions with related parties for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Miscellaneous fees (includes surety bonds and guarantees):		
Globalvía Inversiones, S.A.	23,014	62,679
Global Vía Chile	663,954	12,696
Promotora de Infraestructuras	147,399	0
Total	834,367	75,375
Financial Income:		
Infraestructura SDC Costa Rica, S.A.		333,526,00
SyV Concesiones, S.A.		686,672,00
M&S Desarrollo Internacional, S.A.		686,672,00
Promotora de Infraestructura, S.A.	1,822,531	255,049,00
Total	1,822,531	1,961,919

Fees correspond to services provided by the Parent Company necessary for the development of the project, among these, services in the areas of construction, traffic, information systems, sureties, and legal services. In addition, management services fees correspond to fees earned by the Deputy Chief Executive Officer and the Financial Chief Officer, who are expatriate employees from the Company's stockholders (the amount earned by these directors is approved by the Company's Board of Directors, and the amounts paid are periodically billed to the Company by the respective employers of these persons).

The financial income corresponds to the interest accrued by the loan granted by related parties until December 4, 2019, when the stockholding companies merged, the income corresponded to each of the stockholders; after that date, all income is recognized for the sole stockholder Promotora de Infraestructura, S.A.

#### 14. OTHER INCOME

The other income for 2020 and 2019 corresponds to the recovery of concepts that were previously registered as repair and maintenance expenses for damages caused by the users, in addition to the sale of scrap and other income for the right of use of the highway for some cable companies.

#### 15. CAPITAL STOCK AND ADDITIONAL CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

a. **Capital Stock** - As of June 30, 2020 and December 31,2019, capital stock amounts to US\$2,500,000 represented by 2,500,000 nominative common shares of US\$1 each. The totality of the shares was endorsed to guarantee the local and international bonds.

The shares are part of a Trust entered into with Scotiabank de Costa Rica, S.A.

- b. **Additional Capital Contributions** As of June 30, 2020 and December 31,2019, no additional capital contributions were made by the stockholders; thus, the amount remained in US\$58,000,000 for each of those years.
- c. **Legal Reserve-** As of June 30, 2020 and December 31,2019, the Company reaches 20% of the legal reserve established by Costa Rican laws. Such reserve is accounted for in the moment in which the financial statements have been approved by the Stockholders' Meeting.
- d. *Dividends* On June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, dividends amounting to US\$11,500,000 and US\$23,000,000 were paid, respectively.

#### 16. WORKS WITH PUBLIC SERVICE CONCESSION AGREEMENT FOR THE SAN JOSÉ - CALDERA HIGHWAY

In relation to the main contracts included in 2019 annual accounts there has not been significant changes (Notes 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 23 of the annual accounts).

#### 17. FINANCING AGREEMENT

On May 31, 2017, Autopistas del Sol, S.A. issued a bond in the international market under rule 144A of the Securities Exchange Commission, and simultaneously, a bond issue in the local market authorized by the General Superintendence of Securities. The main characteristics of the issues are:

	International Bond	Local Bond
	(US Bonds)	(CR Bonds)
Issue amount	US\$300,000,000	US\$50,750,000
Balance at 12.31.2019	US\$273,924,000	US\$49,034,650
Balance at 12.31.2019	US\$268,515,000	US\$47,014,800
Interest rate	7.375%	6.80%
Maturity	December 30, 2030	June 30, 2027
Currency	United St	ates Dollar
Interest frequency	Biannual	
Interest payment date	June 30 and	December 30

This transaction has been accounted for in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) at amortized cost as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, bearing interest according to the effective interest rate method.

The amortized cost As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
International bond	261,869,477	266,864,694
Local bond	45,351,348	47,182,089
Sub-Total	307,220,824	314,046,783
Less: Current portion of the long- term debt		
International Bond	12,918,000	11,019,000
Local Bond	4,775,575	4,105,676
Less: Interest payable		
International Bond	-	5,274,213
Local Bond	-	833,589
Sub-total	17,693,575	21,232,478

Total

289,527,249 292,814,305

The nominal maturity of the debt by years is as follows:

	International Bond (US Bonds)	Local Bond (CR Bonds)
Less than a year	12,918,000	4,775,575
Between 1 and 3 years	34,437,000	12,565,700
Between 3 and 5 years	37,458,000	13,529,950
More than 5 years	183,702,000	16,143,575
Total	268,515,000	47,014,800

*Limitation of restricted payments -* The main conditions to declare or make any Restricted Payment are:

- a. No Default or Event of Default exists or would exist after such a payment.
- b. All required payments of Debt Service through the month-end date immediately preceding the date such Restricted Payment is to be made have been fully accounted for through the Indenture Trustee Accounts.
- c. The Debt Service Coverage Ratio with respect to the most recently completed Calculation Period is equal to or greater than 1.20 (June 2020: 0.89, December 2019: 1.28) (1.37 in December 2018).
- d. The Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio, with respect to the Calculation Period in effect on the date such calculation is made (as set forth in the current Annual Budget and Base Case Model), is equal to or greater than 1.20.
- e. The Debt Service Reserves Accounts is funded in an aggregate amount not less than the Debt Service Reserve Required Amount and the O&M Reserve Account is funded in an aggregate amount not less than the O&M Reserve Required Amount.

The Company states and agrees with the Secured Parties that, until the date of final termination, they will be bound by the following affirmative and negative covenants, which have been previously established:

Affirmative Covenants – The main affirmative covenants of the Agreement are detailed as follows:

- a. Maintaining the project in good condition.
- b. Keeping insurance and relevant permits up-to-date.
- c. Complying with regulatory requirements.
- d. Maintaining guarantees.
- e. Conducting business.
- f. Complying with the reporting obligation, including the presentation of financial statements.
- g. Complying with the repayment obligation, including scheduled amortization and payments.
- h. Being continuously committed to the business.
- i. Maintaining authorized auditors.
- j. Timely filing all the required tax returns.
- k. Financing certain reserves and other accounts in accordance with the Irrevocable Guarantee Trust and Account Management Agreement (Note 19).
- I. Maintaining rating agency.

Negative Covenants – The main negative covenants of the Agreement are detailed as follows:

- a. Debt limitations.
- b. Limitations to amendments, modifications, and exemptions of the project's documents.
- c. Limitations to the termination and allocation of transaction documents.
- d. Limitations to subsidiaries and investments.
- e. Limitation to the sale of assets.
- f. Limitation to transactions with stockholders and affiliates.
- g. Restrictions in mergers, consolidation, liquidation or dissolution transactions.
- h. Restrictions in hedge transactions with commercial or speculative purposes.
- i. Restrictions related to paying in advance or paying off the debt.

The Agreement shall establish that certain events, actions, circumstances, or conditions that will be considered an event of default (an "event of default") regarding the bonds, among which the following are included:

- a. Not paying any principal or interest on the promissory notes when these expire.
- b. Failure to comply with the loan documents.
- c. Failure to comply with the terms of the Concession Agreement.
- d. Deceitful behavior (in any material matter).
- e. Seizure or similar process against any of the properties of the concession (including those properties subject to the guarantee documents) for the sum higher than U\$25.000.000.
- f. Event of loss.
- g. When a sentence has been pronounced, or an order or final and unappealable arbitration award has been issued, against the Issuer or any property of the Concession exceeding the threshold amount, or when one or more sentences have been pronounced, or one or more orders or final and unappealable arbitration awards have been issued against the Issuer of the Project, and which could, or could be reasonable expected to, result in an Adverse Material Change.
- h. Inability to pay debts for an amount exceeding the threshold amount.
- i. Bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings.
- j. CNC will not pay the sum corresponding to the Minimum Income Guarantee after the final resolution of any conflict regarding this payment is given, according to the Concession Agreement.
- k. Revocation, suspension, termination or repudiation of the Concession Agreement.
- I. Revocation, suspension, termination, or rejection of other documents of the Project.
- m. Not maintaining the relevant permits required for the Project.
- n. Guarantees are no longer in full force of effect, and neither are any promissory notes, or any other document securing an obligation, applicable either.
- o. Any event of force majeure that has materially and adversely affected the Project for two hundred seventy (270) consecutive days.

After the breach of contract occurs, and while it continues to occur, the bondholders will have certain remedies available to them, including the right to accelerate the reimbursement obligation in virtue of the bonds.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company has complied with the covenants of the loan agreement.

#### 18. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCIAL LEASE

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company has entered into vehicle financial lease agreements and the respective assets have been recognized as assets from rights of use.

The main terms of these agreements are as follows:

a. The agreements have 36-month terms.

- b. The Company absorbs all risks and benefits relating to the possession and use of the property
- c. At the end of the agreements, the Company does not have an exclusive purchase option on the leased property.
- d. In case of early termination of the agreement, if during the first year the Company must pay, as a fixed compensation, the difference to complete the twelve monthly payments that correspond to the first year, plus 8% on the corresponding invoicing for the lease of the vehicle during the 12 months, after a year of contract, it may terminate the contract at any time, however, it must pay 8% on the remaining payments as compensation.

#### 19. GUARANTEES

According to the terms of the Concession Agreement (Note 16), the Concessionaire must provide the following bonds:

- a. Operation Guarantee Operation bonds will have the same validity term as the operation period. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company will extend the operation bonds, which have been assumed by the Company's stockholders. As of June 30, 2020, US\$ 26,400 of the Complementary Agreement, US\$46,300 of Sector I, US\$126,400 of Sector II and US\$77,500 of Sector III), an amount notified by the National Concession Board and which expires on May 7, 2021.
- b. Environmental Guarantee On December 4, 2007, an environmental guarantee was furnished on behalf of the Ministry of Energy and Mines (MINAE) in the amount of US\$1 million, which was provided by Constructora San José - Caldera CSJC, S.A., pursuant to the construction agreement. During 2011, the environmental guarantee was adjusted by MINAE to US\$2.3 million; as at June 30, 2020, such amount is kept as a guarantee that expires on May 7, 2021.
- c. **Other Guarantees** Guarantee in favor of the Consejo Nacional de Concesiones amounting to US\$545,150 as a requirement to qualify for the Guaranteed Minimum Income mechanism for 2020. In July 2020, the portion covering July 2020 to July 2021 was constituted in the amount of US\$587,656. In addition the Company has also provided for a total of US\$63,920 related to the remaining works to be executed detailed in Addendum No.6.

The detail of the guarantees is the following:

	Guarantee	Maturity
Section I	46,300	07-May-2021
Section II	126,400	07-May-2021
Section III	77,500	07-May-2021
Complementary Agreement	26,400	07-May-2021
Environment	2,300,000	07-May-2021
Guaranteed Minimum Income 2020	545,150	15-Jul-2020
Guaranteed Minimum Income 2021	587,656	15-Jul-2021
Addendum 6	63,920	31-Jan-2021
Construction Complementary Agreement 1	1,518,000	06-Oct-2020
Total	5,291,326	

#### 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A summary of the main disclosures regarding the financial instruments is the following: **26.1 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT CATEGORIES** 

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's financial instruments consist of the following:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash <u>Financial assets (valued at fair value):</u> Restricted cash	4,205,415	8,590,908
	7,686,112	9,357,963
	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Financial assets (valued at amortized cost):		
Cash equivalents	26,226	26,226
Accounts receivable	1,595,304	1,732,984
Accounts receivable from related parties	92,513,117	98,695,619
Financial asset - concession agreement	387,735,976	381,875,311
Total	493,762,150	500,279,011

A summary of the main risks associated to the previously mentioned financial instruments, as well as the way in which the Company is managing the risks, is presented as follows:

- a. **Credit Risk** The financial instruments that may potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist mainly of cash, restricted cash, cash equivalents, held-to-maturity investments, accounts and loans receivable. Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are kept at sound financial institutions is payable on demand, and it generally poses a minimum risk. The accounts receivable are mainly with government agencies and the loans receivable are related companies that do not present any risks for their recovery based on the Company's previous experience with these entities.
- b. **Liquidity Risk** The Company requires of liquid funds for its normal operation. For these purposes, the Company receives on a daily basis liquidity through toll payment collection. The Company constantly monitors it cash flows and analyzes its matched maturities, in order to attend to any short and mid-term obligation.
- c. **Interest Rate Risk** The Company believes that the interest rate risk is minimal because international and local bond financing is agreed to at fixed interest rates. Obligations under financial leases are recorded at market rates similar to the rates on a car loan, and Management does not believe that its leases are significant to consider a relevant interest rate risk.
- d. **Exchange Rate Risk** Most of the transactions conducted by the Company have been denominated in US dollars, and the transactions performed in Costa Rican Colones (local currency) during these stages have been minimal. In addition, both the financing structure and the Concession agreement include that most of the Company's construction and operating income and costs have been convened in this currency. Income from toll collection is received in Costa Rican Colones, which is exchanged to US dollar on a daily basis, and in addition, the rate is adjusted on a quarterly basis, taking into account the exchange rate behavior. Consequently, Management considers that the Project is not exposed to exchange rate risk, except for those transactions that

take place in local currency, which are not material.

e. **Leverage Risk** - The Company manages its capital structure in order to maximize the return for its stockholders by optimizing equity and debt balance. The capital structure used consists of debt, cash and its equivalents, restricted cash, and stockholders' equity, which is included in the capital stock, additional capital contributions, reserves, and retained earnings.

The Company's leverage ratio is the following:

	Note	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Bank debt Obligations under financial leases Cash and cash equivalents	-	307,220,824 198,078 (11,917,753)	314,046,783 230,329 (17,975,097)
Net bank debt		295,501,149	296,302,015
Stockholders' equity		112,230,249	113,964,659
Leverage ratio	-	263%	260%

Restricted cash is included for debt service (Note 3).

f. *Fair Value Risk* – Management considers that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities in the financial statements approximate its fair value.

The financial instrument valued at fair value were analyzed, and they classified by the valuation method, as detailed below:

- **Level 1** Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- **Level 2** Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; (that is, derived from the prices).
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for asset or liability (that is, unobservable data).

Total financial assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are level 3.

#### 21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent assets and liabilities are those detailed in the annual financial statements as of December 31, 2019, on which there have not been significant changes that affect the Company's interim financial statements.

#### 22. TOLL COLLECTION

The calculation for toll collection As of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 is the following:

	Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Gross toll collection Co-participation - National Concession		29,783,201	36,063,615
Board Tolls paid to own Employees	16j	- (84,814)	- (79,007)
Exemptions, not under contract, granted to the Government		(277,359)	(282,905)
Net toll collection		29.421.027	35.701.703

The Company, when determining the financial asset balance (Note 8), in addition to the coparticipation with the National Concession Board, does not take into consideration any amounts that correspond to tolls granted to their own employees, as well as non-contractual exempted tolls granted to the Government, and this is due to the fact that it does not receive funds for these concepts. During 2019, the Coparticipation was not paid to the National Concession Board since the minimum amounts for such payment set forth in the Concession Agreement (Note 16j) were not reached.

#### 23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There has not been subsequent events.

#### 24. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved by Management, and their issue has been authorized for August 20, 2020.

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